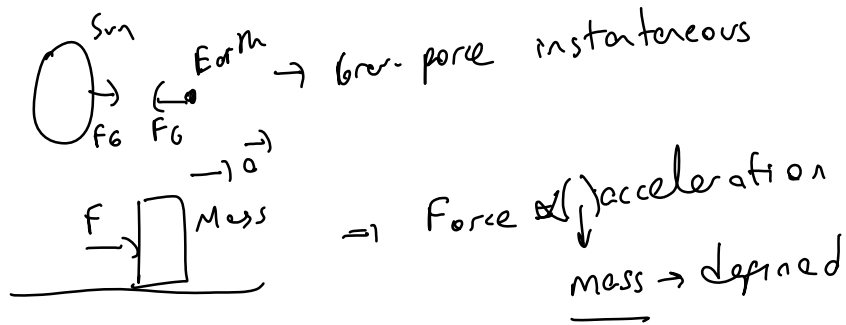


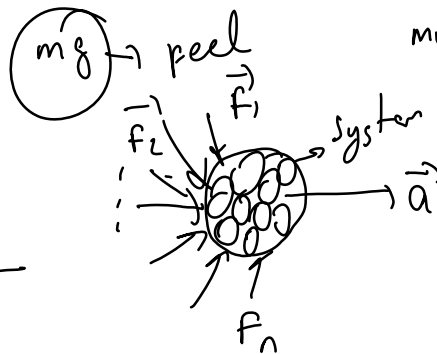
Newton's Laws

All particles follow certain trajectories, these motions are subject to eqns. of motion $\rightarrow$ interaction (forces)



2nd law

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \vec{F}_i = \sum_{j=1}^{N'} m_j \vec{a}$$



1st law

- $\sum \vec{F} = 0 \rightarrow a = 0 \Rightarrow$
- 1) The object is not moving.
 - 2) It's moving with a const vel.
- $v(t) = v_0 + a \Delta t$

3rd law

Diagram showing a hand pushing a wall with force F and the wall pushing back with force F_R . The text states: $\vec{F}_R = -\vec{F} \Rightarrow \text{Action} \rightarrow \text{Reaction}$.

$$\sum \vec{F} = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{F} + \vec{F}_R = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{F}_R = -\vec{F}$$

$$\sum \vec{F} = \sum m \vec{a} \Rightarrow \sum F_x = \sum m a_x$$

$$\sum F_y = \sum m a_y$$

$$\sum F_z = \sum m a_z$$

Diagram of a mass m in a gravitational field with acceleration a . The text notes: $1 N = 1 \text{ kg} \frac{m}{s^2}$.

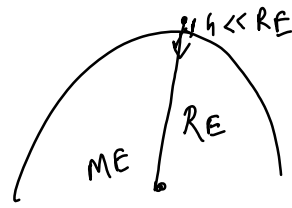
* Distinction between mass and weight
 $m \Rightarrow$ multip. factor (universal property)

$m = 1 \text{ kg} \rightarrow$ on earth and also on moon

weight = mg $\rightarrow$ grav. acc. [An object which attracts m]

$$F = mg_e = F_{\text{grav(earth)}}$$

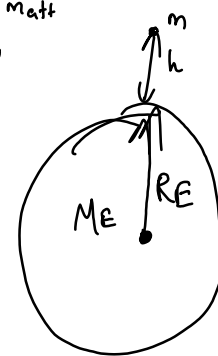
$$mg_{\text{moon}} = F'_{\text{grav(moon)}}$$



g_{moon} is approximation of the real quantity.

$$F_{\text{gravity}} = G \frac{M_{\text{object}} m_{\text{attracted}}}{r^2} = ma$$

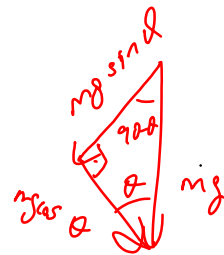
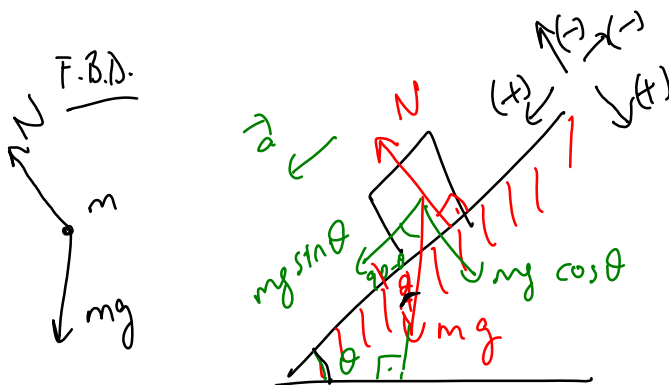
$$\frac{G M_{\text{earth}} m}{r^2} = G \frac{M_E m}{(R_E + h)^2} = \cancel{m} \cancel{g} a$$



$$g = \frac{G M_E}{(R_E)^2} = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$h \ll R_E$$

$$R_E + h \approx R_E$$



$$\sum F_{\perp} = 0 \text{ since no motion}$$

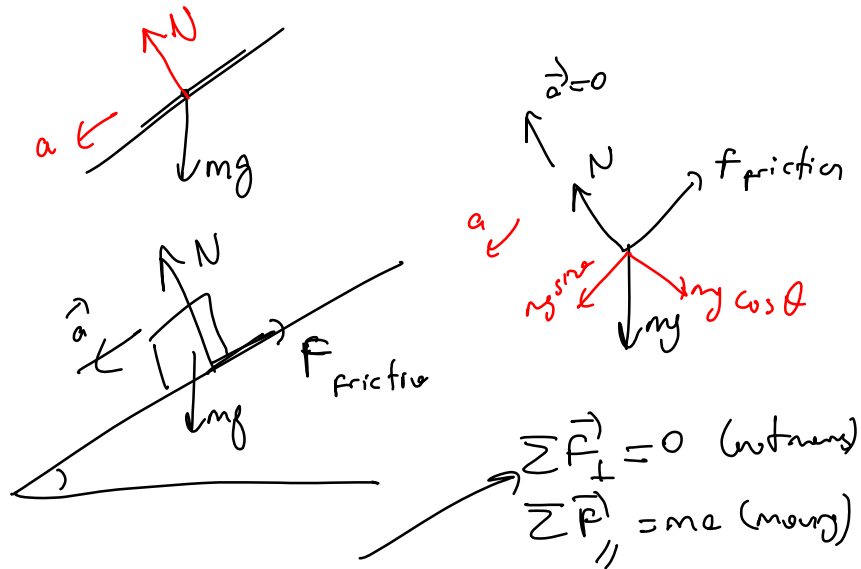
$$\sum F_{\perp} = mg \cos \theta - N = 0 \text{ (since it's not moving along } \perp)$$

$$N = mg \cos \theta$$

$$\sum F_{\parallel} = ma$$

$$mg \sin \theta = ma \Rightarrow \underline{a = g \sin \theta}$$

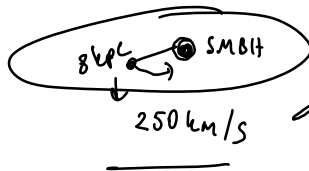
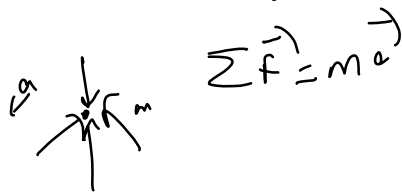
Free body diagram



$$\sum F_{\perp} = -N + mg \cos \theta = 0$$

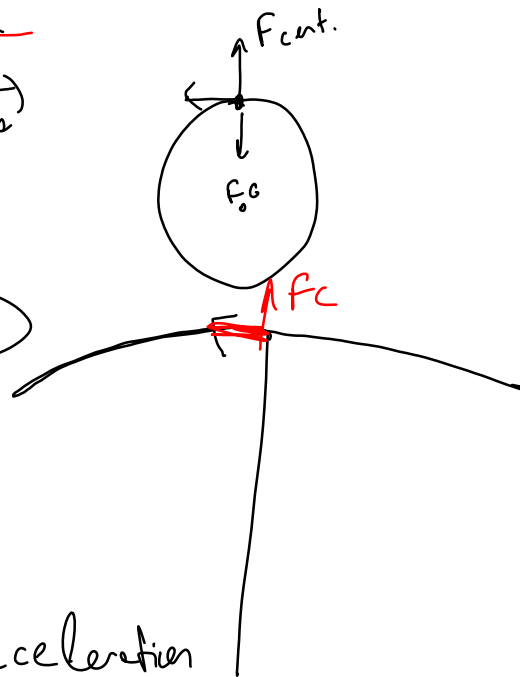
$$\sum F_{\parallel} = mg \sin \theta - f_{\text{friction}} = ma$$

Inertial Reference System

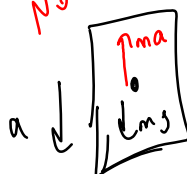


$$8 \times 3 \times 10^8 \times 10^3$$

Inertial system $\Rightarrow$ no acceleration



Non-inertial



accelerate

$$\Rightarrow mg - ma = \text{weight read on scale}$$

