

Momentum, Impulse, Collisions

En. conservation is less general than momentum conservation.

U>1 mom. is still conserved.

Momentum & mass $\propto$ velocity $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \vec{p} = m \vec{v} \\ \vec{p} = m \vec{v} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt}(m \vec{v}) = m \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = m \vec{a} = \vec{F} \end{array} \right. \quad \vec{F} = m \vec{a} = m \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} \quad (1) \quad \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = \vec{F}$

$\vec{p} = m \vec{v} : \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = \vec{F} \Rightarrow$

$d\vec{p} = \vec{F} dt \Rightarrow \int_{t_1}^{t_2} d\vec{p} = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \vec{F} dt$

$\therefore \Delta \vec{p} = \vec{p}_2 - \vec{p}_1 = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \vec{F} dt = \vec{J} : \text{Impulse}$

If $\vec{F} = \text{const} \Rightarrow \int \vec{F} dt = \vec{F} \int dt = \vec{F} (t_2 - t_1)$
 $\boxed{\Delta \vec{p} = \vec{F} \Delta t} = \vec{J}$

Momentum Conservation

$\boxed{\vec{p}_i = \vec{p}_f}$ If there is no external force (closed)

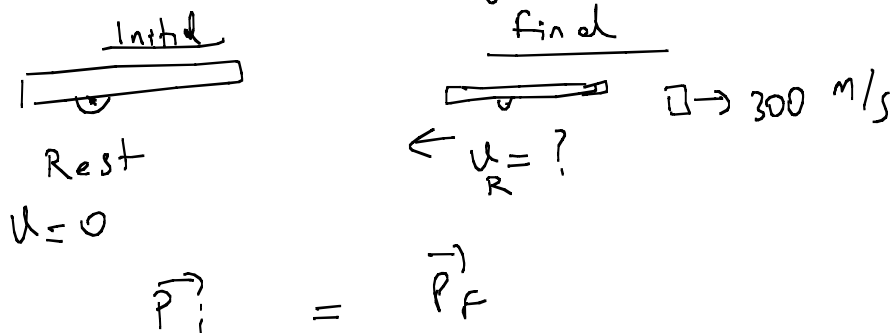
$\Rightarrow$ Momentum will be constant

$\boxed{\sum_{i=1}^N \vec{p}_{0i} = \sum_{i=1}^N \vec{p}_{fi}} \Rightarrow \vec{p}_{01} + \vec{p}_{02} + \vec{p}_{03} + \dots$
 $= \vec{p}_{f1} + \vec{p}_{f2} + \vec{p}_{f3} + \dots$

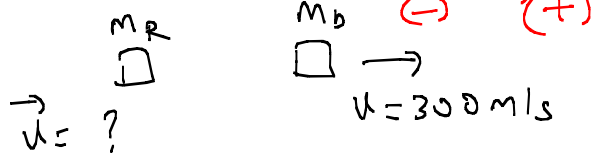
Collisions

- 1) Elastic Collision (Billiard Balls) [En. is also conserved]
- 2) Inelastic Collision (Rest --) (Explosion) [En. is not conserved]

Ex: A rifle : $m_R = 3 \text{ kg}$; $m_b = 5 \text{ gr}$



$$\vec{p}_i = 0 \therefore \vec{p}_f = 0$$

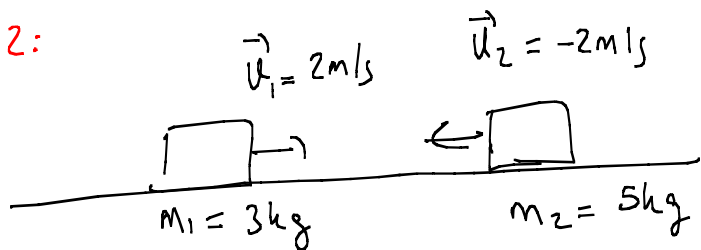


$$\vec{p}_{f=0} = \vec{p}_b + \vec{p}_R = m_b \vec{v}_b + m_R \vec{v}_R$$

$$0 = +5 \times 10^{-3} \times 300 + 3 v_R$$

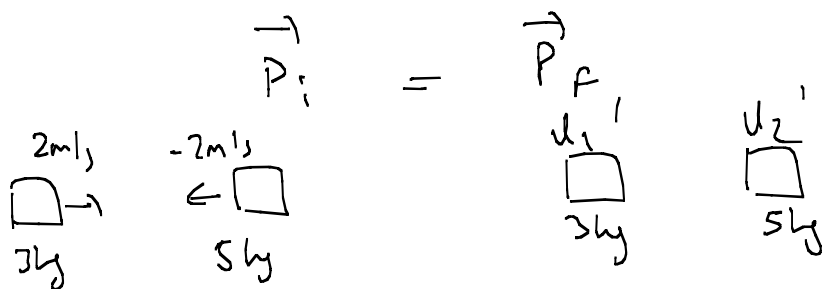
$$-3 v_R = 1.5 \Rightarrow v_R = -\frac{1.5}{3} = -0.5 \text{ m/s}$$

Ex 2:



Mom. is conserved (elastic)

En. is also conserved



$$\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2 = \vec{p}_1' + \vec{p}_2'$$

$$m_1 \vec{u}_1 + m_2 \vec{u}_2 = m_1 \vec{u}_1' + m_2 \vec{u}_2'$$

$$-4 = 3u_1' + 5u_2' \quad (1)$$

En. conservation: $E_i = E_f$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_1 u_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 u_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 u_1'^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 u_2'^2$$

$$\cancel{\frac{1}{2} * 3 * 2^2} + \cancel{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) 5(-2)^2} = \cancel{\frac{1}{2} * 3 u_1'^2} + \cancel{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) 5 u_2'^2}$$

$$12 + 20 = 3 u_1'^2 + 5 u_2'^2 \quad (2)$$

from eqn (1) =
$$u_2' = \frac{-4 - 3 u_1'}{5}$$

$$32 = 3 u_1'^2 + \frac{5}{25} \left[9 u_1'^2 + 24 u_1' + 16 \right]$$

$$160 = 15 u_1'^2 + 9 u_1'^2 + 24 u_1' + 16$$

$$24 u_1'^2 + 24 u_1' - 144 = 0$$

$$u_1'^2 + u_1' - 6 = 0 = (u_1' + 3)(u_1' - 2)$$

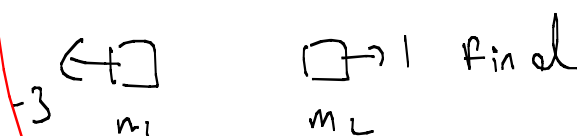
$\begin{matrix} u_1' & +3 \\ u_1' & -2 \end{matrix} = 0$

$$\boxed{\begin{matrix} u_1' = -3 \\ \Downarrow \\ u_2' = 1 \end{matrix}}$$

$$u_1' = 2$$

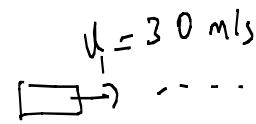
$\Downarrow$
 $\times$

$$\boxed{u_2' = \frac{-4 - 3 u_1'}{5}}$$

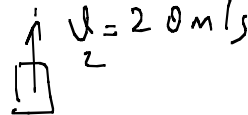


Ex 9

Initial



$$m_1 = 1000 \text{ kg}$$



$$m_2 = 2000 \text{ kg}$$

$$\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2 = \vec{p}$$

$$\vec{p}_1 = \vec{p}_f$$

$$(1) \quad p_{ix} = p_{fx}$$

$$(2) \quad p_{iy} = p_{fy}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow m_1 u_1 = (m_1 + m_2) u \cos \theta$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow m_2 u_2 = (m_1 + m_2) u \sin \theta$$

$$(1)^2 + (2)^2 \Rightarrow m_1^2 u_1^2 + m_2^2 u_2^2 = (m_1 + m_2)^2 u^2 [\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta]$$

$$m_1^2 u_1^2 + m_2^2 u_2^2 = (m_1 + m_2)^2 u^2 \Rightarrow u = \frac{\sqrt{m_1^2 u_1^2 + m_2^2 u_2^2}}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$(3) \quad 30 = 3u \cos \theta$$

$$1000 \times 30 = 3000 + u \cos \theta$$

$$(4) \quad 40 = 3u \sin \theta$$

$$2000 \times 20 = 3000 u \sin \theta$$

$$(3)^2 + (4)^2 = 900 + 1600 = (3u)^2 [\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta]$$

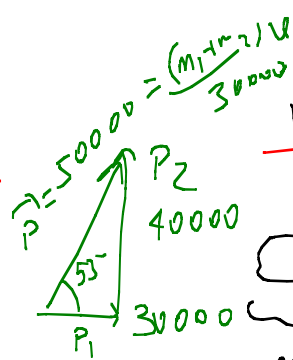
$$2500 = (3u)^2$$

$$3u = 50 \quad \boxed{u = 16.7 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$(4) \Rightarrow 40 = 3u \sin \theta \Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{40}{3 \times 16.7}$$

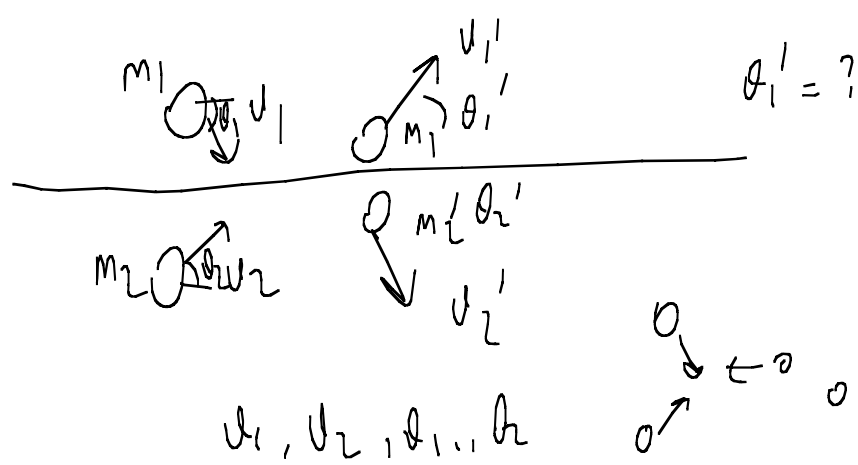
$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left[\frac{40}{50} \right] \Rightarrow \boxed{53^\circ}$$

Find



$$m_1 + m_2$$

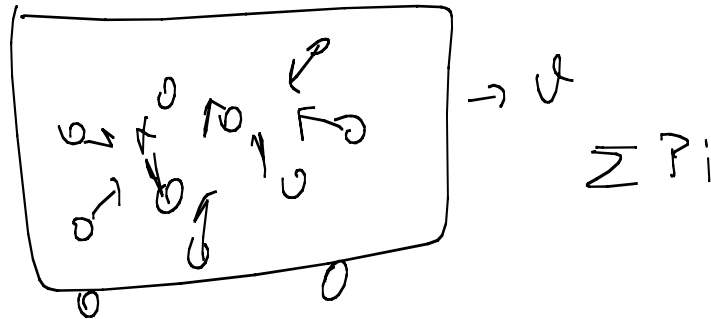
perf. inel.
 $\vec{p}$



$$E_i = E_f$$

$$\begin{cases} p_{ix} = p_{fx} \\ p_{iy} = p_{fy} \end{cases}$$

Center of Mass

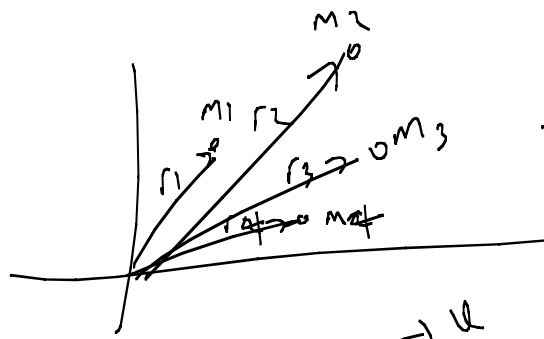


$$\downarrow$$

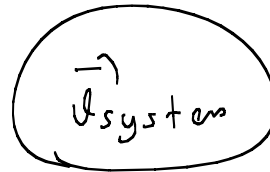
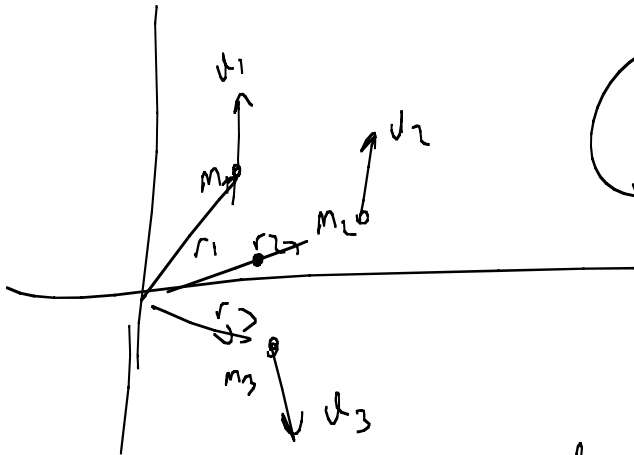
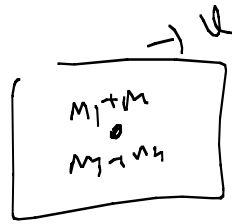
$$\begin{cases} v' = \sum p_f \\ \sum \vec{p}_i = \sum p_f \end{cases}$$

[Center of Mass] $v_{\text{system}} = p_{\text{Total}}$

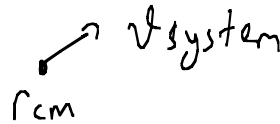
$$\frac{\sum m_i \vec{r}_i}{\sum m_i} = \vec{r}_{\text{cm}}$$



$$= \frac{m_1 \vec{r}_1 + m_2 \vec{r}_2 + m_3 \vec{r}_3 + m_4 \vec{r}_4}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3 + m_4}$$



$$\frac{\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2 + \vec{p}_3}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} = \vec{p}_{sy}$$



$$\Delta \vec{p} = 0 \quad (\text{Momentum conservation})$$

External force applied

$$\Delta \vec{p} = \vec{p}_f - \vec{p}_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \vec{F}(t) dt$$

