

**Errata for J. G. Webster (ed.), *Medical instrumentation: Application and design*, 4th ed., Hoboken NJ: John Wiley & Sons, 2009, November 21, 2009. Send all errata to Webster@engr.wisc.edu**  
**On December 11, 2009 added changes on pages 76, 86, 178, 446.**  
**On December 22, 2009 added change on page 194.**  
**On February 8, 2010 added changes on page 306, 307, 360, 621**

## Chapter 1

A) Page 21

$$50 \mu\text{V}\cdot\text{V}^{-1} \text{ mm Hg}^{-1}.$$

Add second raised dot before mm

$$50 \mu\text{V}\cdot\text{V}^{-1}\cdot\text{mm Hg}^{-1}.$$

B) Eq (1.25) pg 31

$$a_2 \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + a_1 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + a_0 y(t) - b_0 x(t) \quad (1.25)$$

Replace – with = :

$$a_2 \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + a_1 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + a_0 y(t) = b_0 x(t)$$

C) Pg 31

$$\zeta = \frac{a_1}{2\sqrt{a_0 a_1}}$$

In the denominator, replace  $a_1$  with  $a_2$  :

$$\zeta = \frac{a_1}{2\sqrt{a_0 a_2}}$$

D) Eq (1.32) pg. 33

$$\zeta = \frac{B}{2\sqrt{K_m M}} \quad (1.32)$$

In the denominator, replace  $K_m$  with  $K_s$  :

$$\zeta = \frac{B}{2\sqrt{K_s M}}$$

E) Eq (1.39) pg. 35

$$y(t) = Kx(t - \tau_d), \quad t > \tau_d \quad (1.39)$$

In the right hand side term,  $x$  is NOT a subscript :

$$y(t) = Kx(t - \tau_d), \quad t > \tau_d$$

## Chapter 2

A) Page 49 Figure 2.2 legend

$$R_3 = D, \text{ and } R_4 = C$$

Change to

$$R_3 = C, \text{ and } R_4 = D$$

B) Page 53

A nonlinearity in  $\Delta R/R_0$  is present even when  $R_0/R_1 = 0$

Delete entire sentence

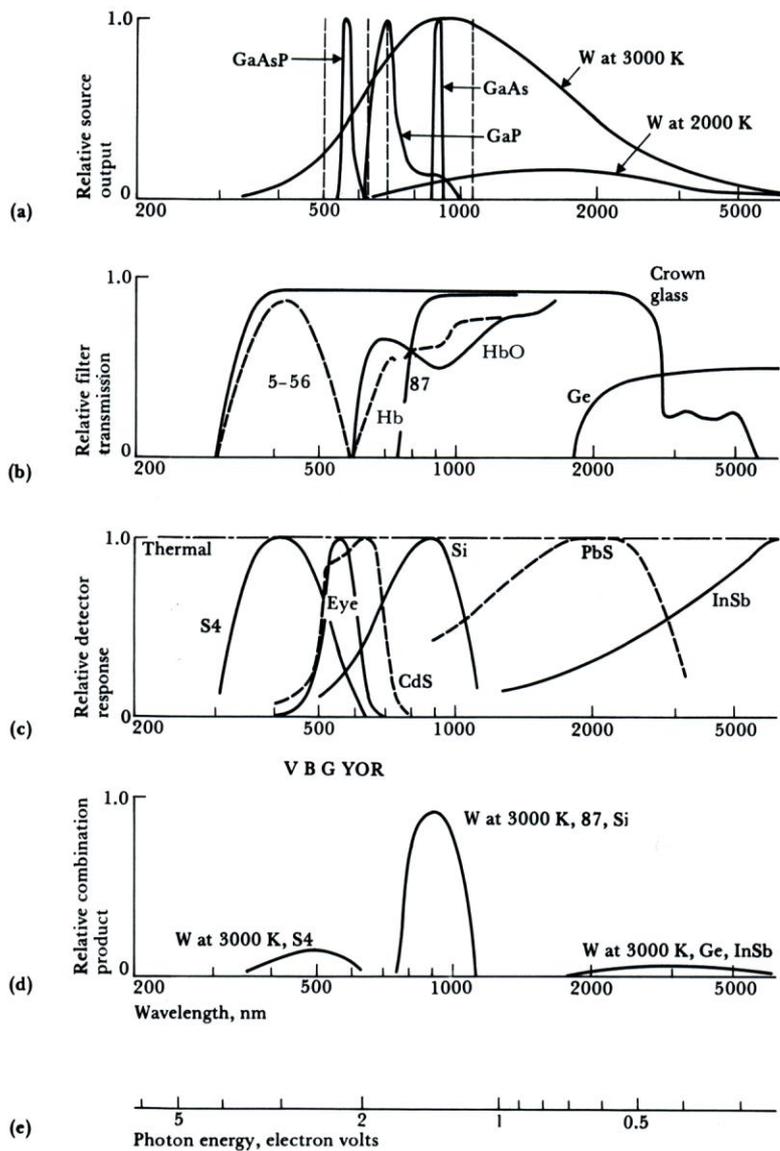
C) Page 61 line 2

$$R_i = 11.1 \text{ k}\Omega$$

Change to

$$R_i = 1.11 \text{ k}\Omega$$

D) Page 76 Fig 2.21 replace figure with figure below, which contains the missing (e)



E) Page 86, line 13 replace “factor of 10<sup>4</sup>” with factor of 10<sup>4</sup>”

### Chapter 3

A) Pg 115, line 8 replace “T = temperature, K” with “*T* = temperature, K” where *T* is italic

B) Pg 123, Problem 3.1 replace “gain of 10” with “gain of -10”

C) Pg 123, Problem 3.2 replace “100 mV to 50 mV” with “-100 mV to +50 mV”

D) Pg 123, Problem 3.7 replace “0 to 2 V” with “0 to +2 V”

E) Pg 124 Problem 3.10 replace “0 to 10 V” with “0 to -10 V”

F) Pg 124 Problem 3.15 replace “10 (not -10)” with “+10 (not -10)”

G) Pg. 124, Problem 3.17 replace “is 110 to 10kHz” with “is 1 to 10 kHz”.

H) Pg 124, Problem 3.22: replace “For Problem 3.21” with “For Problem 3.20”.

### Chapter 4

A) Page 178, line 11 from bottom change “Chapter of his book” to “Chapter 5 of his book”

### Chapter 5

A) Pg 194 Eq (5.8)

$$E = E^0 = \frac{RT}{nF} \ln \frac{a_C^{\gamma} a_D^{\delta}}{a_A^{\alpha} a_B^{\beta}} \quad (5.8)$$

should be replaced by

$$E = E^0 + \frac{RT}{nF} \ln \frac{a_C^{\gamma} a_D^{\delta}}{a_A^{\alpha} a_B^{\beta}} \quad (5.8)$$

B) Pg 199, Eq. (E5.3) replace “ $6.25 \times 10^8$  atoms” with “ $6.25 \times 10^{18}$  atoms”

### Chapter 6

A) Eq (E6.1) pg 248

$$\begin{aligned} i_1 &= \frac{v_b - v_c}{2R} \\ v'_w &= i_1 R + v_c = \frac{v_b - v_c}{2R} R + v_c = \frac{v_b - v_c}{2} \end{aligned} \quad (E6.1)$$

In the second equation, right hand side term, replace – with + :

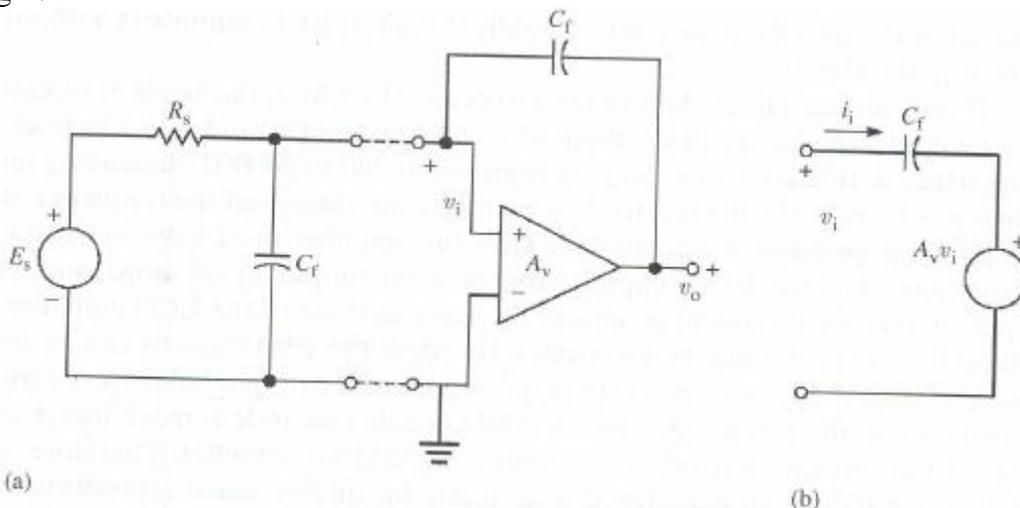
$$v'_w = i_1 R + v_c = \frac{v_b - v_c}{2R} R + v_c = \frac{v_b + v_c}{2}$$

B) Eq (6.10) pg 261

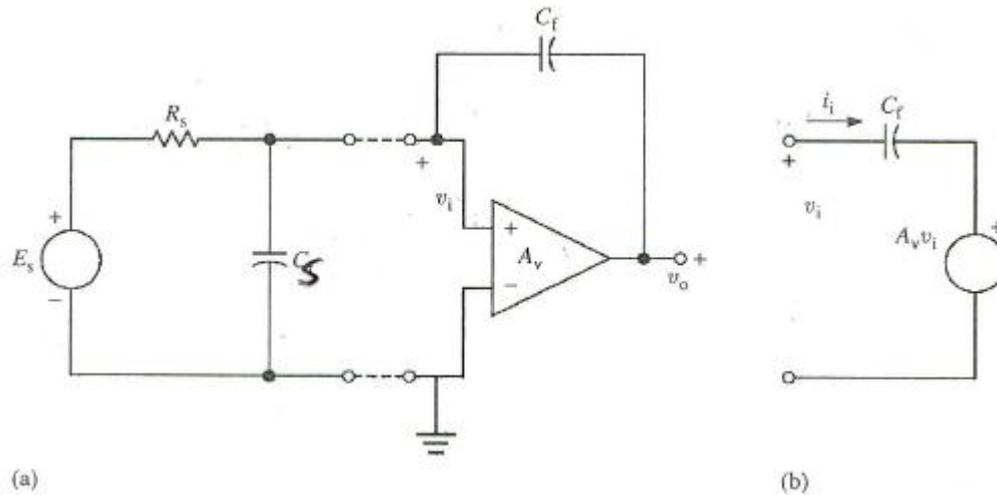
$$v_A - v_B = (10 \text{ mV})(20 \text{ k}\Omega / 5 \text{ M}\Omega) = 40 \mu\text{V} \quad E6.10$$

It is Eq 6.10 and not Eq E6.10.

C) Fig 6.17 pg 272



In (a), left hand side capacitor is  $C_s$  and not  $C_f$ , see below:



## Chapter 7

- A) Pg 306: Consequently,  $C_t = 3.38 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m}^5/\text{N}$  should be Consequently,  $C_t = 3.58 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m}^5/\text{N}$   
 B) Pg 307: Top equation  $f_{n,\text{bubble}} = 92(\ )$  should be  $f_{n,\text{bubble}} = 91(\ )$

## Chapter 8

- A) Pg 343: in formula (8.7) variable  $C_b$  should be in lower case:

$$F = \frac{Q}{\rho_b c_b \int_0^{t_1} \Delta T_b(t) dt} \quad (\text{m}^3/\text{s})$$

- B) Pg 360: in formula (8.19) variable  $R_{\text{max}}$  should be  $R_m$ :

$$u_m (\cos \theta) R_m < \frac{c^2}{8 f_0}$$

- C) Pg 374 Figure 8.21 legend

Replace “A” with “A noninverting amplifier can drive low impedance loads, and it provides a gain of 100.”

## Chapter 9

- A) Pg 408: formula (9.29a) should be modified as:

$$-\frac{V_L}{P_{A \text{ DRY}}} dP_{A \text{ DRY}} + \frac{dN_{L \text{ DRY}}}{\rho_{L \text{ DRY}}} = \frac{V_B}{\alpha_B P_B} dP_B - \frac{dN_B}{\rho_B}$$

- B) Pg 424: in the last line the equation referenced should be (9.20) and not (9.21).

- C) Pg 425: in line 11 the equation referenced should be (9.22) and not (9.23).

- D) Pg 427: in line 12 from bottom the text

“In particular,  $\text{O}_2$  and  $\text{CO}_2$  cannot be measured in the presence of  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ”

should be modified as

“In particular, CO<sub>2</sub> cannot be measured in the presence of N<sub>2</sub>O”

E) Pg 446 problem 9.28 change “Derive (9.47 and” to “Derive (9.47) and”

## Chapter 12

A) Pg 544: in the expression

“ ...  $3 \times 10^8 \phi_x > \text{mm}^2$ , where  $\phi_x > \text{mm}^2$  is ...”

change  $>$  to  $/$  in two places

...  $3 \times 10^8 \phi_x / \text{mm}^2$ , where  $\phi_x / \text{mm}^2$  is ...

B) Pg 553: in the expression

$\ln I/I_0 = -\Delta x e - \Delta x(\mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3 + \mu_4 + \dots)$

the first term in the right hand side should be deleted:

$\ln I/I_0 = -\Delta x(\mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3 + \mu_4 + \dots)$

C) Pg 562: in the expression

$N_n/N_e = e^{hf/kT}$

the term  $kT$  in the exponential should go to denominator:

$N_n/N_e = e^{hf/kT}$

## Chapter 13

A) Pg 621, Figure 13.16 change Exhausted to Exhaust

END